

BARRE DAILY TIMES

Published every week-day afternoon.
Subscriptions: One year, \$3; one month, 25 cents; single copy, 1 cent.
Frank E. Langley, Publisher.
Entered at the Postoffice at Barre as Second Class Matter.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1909.

The average daily circulation of the Barre Daily Times for the week ending Saturday was

4,780

copies, the largest paid circulation of any daily paper in this section.

It's a good furnace that can keep pace with these weather changes.

Massachusetts dispensed with a good governor when it let Curtis Guild, jr., go to-day.

Another encouragement to St. Johnsbury people to live—the doctors have raised their rates.

King Victor of Italy says the United States is always first in relief work. You score, Victor!

The Lowell, Mass., Sun's rays got too hot for Mayor Brown, and he retaliates with a \$50,000 suit.

They call it the "legislative drama" in New Hampshire; whether tragedy or comedy, we are not informed.

As far as governors are concerned, the six New England states prefer the Republican brand, Governor Pothier of Rhode Island completing the list.

Here is further confirmation of the belief that Boston people do not work: sixty-four per cent. of the "workers" come into town from the outlying districts in the morning and go back at night.

DON'T GET PANICKY.

It hardly seems possible for the Vermont legislature to complete its work by Wednesday, next; that is, complete it by doing justice to the state. The Times has been opposed to the dilatory tactics heretofore exercised, but it does not favor at this time the indiscriminate congestion of business, which means either the wholesale slaughter of measures or the wholesale passage of them. In either event, an injustice might be done to the state of Vermont. So, gentlemen, it would be better to take a little more time and act with a certain degree of deliberation on the more important matters.

In a certain newspaper office in New York, that day is counted as lost when some fresh attack on Roosevelt is not made. This "steamed contemporary" has now got to the stage of its hysteria by attacking the status of the White House tenant as a gentleman, and concludes by announcing that "He ain't no gent'man." Mr. Laffan, the proprietor of the newspaper, is said to be a vindictive man, and the appearances bear out the characterization. In an apt discussion of the newspapers in New York, Life, that keen satirist and analyzer, says in its most recent number that what you see in the New York Sun about President Roosevelt you need to take with a grain of salt; leastwise, Life says that it uses the salt-shake when perusing each fresh attack on the White House man. Otherwise, The Sun is a very good sample of journalism in the United States.



Don't go away with the idea you know our suits because you looked at them last month or last week.

Don't judge us by other stores that buy only twice a year.

We are buying every week and every day thru our New York Buyer who keeps all the new ideas in dress coming our way.

WE CLEAN, PRESS AND REPAIR CLOTHING.

PHROGERS & CO.

174 North Main St., Barre, Vt.

REVOLUTION IN CONSUMPTION TREATMENT PROMISED.

With all apparent sincerity, Dr. Randle C. Rosenbergh, a member of the faculty of the Jefferson Medical college and a famous biologist, has announced that he has discovered a real cure for consumption, following the discovery that long before the tubercle bacilli find their lodgment in the weakest organ of the body they course through the blood. It is while the patient is in the latter state that the Rosenbergh method of antitoxin treatment, together with pure air, is tried; and it is said that in one hundred and fifty cases there has not been a single failure thus far. Other than to make the simple announcement of the success that has attended his researches, Dr. Rosenbergh has refused to explain his discovery until his treatise on the subject shall have been published in a medical journal within a short time. Meanwhile an anxious public will hope that the apparent certainty is absolute.

If the discovery of Dr. Rosenbergh shall have been proven capable of arresting the progress of tuberculosis and of then wiping out its traces from the system, medical science will be revolutionized. For instead of the years of weary fighting against the disease which patients now undergo, there would be a comparatively short and generally successful attack on the bacilli. Moreover, we are informed that this new treatment is so simple that it can be readily adopted by all physicians, which fact will have a tendency to make the treatment available for the poor as well as the rich. It will be a godsend, indeed, if the results shall prove the correctness of the Rosenbergh method. Consumption is at present one of the most baffling diseases which medical science has to combat with; and a victory would be hailed as one of the greatest triumphs in the history of medicine.

CURRENT COMMENT

Was Native of Vermont.

Charles E. Phelps, soldier, statesman, jurist and author, who died in Baltimore, Md., Sunday, was born in Guilford May 1, 1833. In his childhood his parents moved to Pennsylvania and a few years later to Maryland. Judge Phelps received a classical education in Princeton and graduated from the Harvard law school. He began the practice of law in Baltimore in 1855. He held several city offices before he entered the Union army in 1862 as lieutenant-colonel of the Seventh regiment, Maryland volunteers. He was promoted to a colonel in 1863 and brevetted brigadier general May 8, 1864. He was taken prisoner at one time, but was recaptured by Gen. Sheridan. At one period in his career as a soldier he was in command of the Maryland brigade of the Union army. He was elected to Congress in 1864 and in 1866, first as a Union war candidate and next as a Union conservative candidate. He voted with the Democrats against the coercion of the South and with the Republicans on questions of finance and public credit. He was elected to the supreme court bench in Baltimore in 1882 and his term was extended when the age limit was reached. He was the author of a number of legal works including "Judicial Equity." Judge Phelps was a half brother of Gen. John V. Phelps, who died in Guilford Feb. 1, 1885. Their father was John Phelps, a lawyer, who built the homestead in Guilford where Joel Phelps now lives. Judge Phelps' mother was Almira Lincoln, a celebrated teacher and author.—Brattleboro Phoenix.

Small Window Hangings.

The small side windows, where one does not wish to hang the lace curtains, should be covered with soft shaded drapery, plainly hung and of a simple pattern. A very good material for this purpose is Aberdeen flannel. It sells for about 90 cents a yard. Here diamond shaped windows are to be decorated this material is well suited. Of course one can use the soft silks, and a stencil pattern on soft linen colored silk is very handsome. In preparing a stencil pattern if you cannot afford a metal stencil then get a good grade of manila paper and draw the design you wish on it. Flowers with hanging heads are very pretty, and the way to get a perfect outline is to place a piece of carbon paper, black side on, the manila paper. Lay on this the pattern you wish and pin firmly in place. Outline with a very sharp lead pencil. This leaves a perfect outline on the manila paper. It is best to coat the cut out paper with paraffin, which can be done by sprinkling small pieces of shaved paraffin over the pattern and running a hot iron over it.

But a better way would be to get a soft brush, dip into the melted wax and paint both sides of the pattern. This coating saves the sides of the pattern by preventing the moisture from ruining the edges of the open work. Out on the pattern with a very sharp knife on the manila paper, and if you make a wrong move there is nothing to do but make a new pattern. The brush must never be wet when applied to the material or the moisture and color will extend beyond the outlines and ruin the effect.

Mother Works Without Pay.

"Mother gets up first," said the new office boy. "She lights the fire and gets my breakfast, so I can get here early. Then she gets father up, gets his breakfast and sends him off. Then she gives the others their breakfast and gets 'em ready for school, and then she and baby have their breakfast." "What is your pay here?" asked the man. "I get \$3 a week, and father gets \$5 a day." "How much does your mother get?" "Mother?" he said indignantly. "Why, she don't have to work for anybody." "Oh, I thought you just told me she worked for the whole family every morning." "Oh, that's for us, but there ain't no money in that."—New York Press.

NO CHANGE IN THE LAW.

Continued from first page.

the ground that some members were under a misapprehension and that it might possibly go through with certain changes.

Milk Dealers License.

The milk inspection bill, Senate 94, which passed that body with a few amendments, was discussed yesterday afternoon in the House. The bill provides that no milk shall be peddled without a license issued by the local board of health and that a license shall not be issued until the herds and barns have been inspected. The question arose as to whether this license bill applied to milk sold at creameries but it seemed to be the general opinion that only milk peddlers were affected. Dr. Perry of Readsboro, a member of the committee on the board of health, explained the features of the bill. Mr. Wheeler of South Burlington said that the milk in Burlington had been much better since the licenses had been compelled. The bill was amended so as to take effect April 1 instead of "upon its passage." It was believed that it was not fair to the milk dealers to be subject to a fine until the provisions of the bill could be carried out.

The bill is a rather far reaching measure as it places the matter of clean stables and cans in the hands of the state board of health. The board may refuse to grant a license until the conditions are satisfactory at the stables. The license fee is set at \$2. Mr. Barber of Brattleboro explained the bill.

The bill was finally passed by a vote of 95 to 91. After a debate of some time the Senate on Wednesday afternoon that body increased the membership of the supreme court bench to five members instead of four. The contention was that it afforded a legal decision in cases of a tie vote on a law and also added to the dignity of Vermont's court. There were but three dissenting votes.

NEW LAWS IN VERMONT.

Governor Prouty Has Attached His Signature to Several.

State House, Jan. 7. The following bills have been approved by Governor Prouty and are now laws:

- H. 271. An act to change the name of Wells River Pond to Lake Groton.
- H. 301. An act in amendment of and in addition to section 5,278 of the public statutes, relating to the taking of trout and other fish.
- H. 422. An act to revive, extend and enlarge the amended charter of the Whitehall and Granville railroad company.
- H. 551. An act appropriating money to build a barn at the house of correction.
- H. 552. An act in addition to section 5 of No. 309 of the acts of 1904 entitled "An act to incorporate the Northern Mutual Fire Insurance company."
- H. 572. An act authorizing the city of St. Albans to issue bonds for the purpose therein named, and repealing certain acts relating thereto.
- H. 574. An act to amend section 256 of the public statutes, relating to forest fire wardens.
- H. 577. An act relating to the taking of pickers.
- H. 583. An act to enlarge the authority of the incorporated village of Groton.
- H. 587. An act to amend No. 306 of the acts of 1906 entitled "An act to establish a municipal court in the village of Newport."
- H. 588. An act relating to the holding of the annual meetings in the village of Bennington Center.
- H. 591. An act to provide for the building of a courthouse and jail at Bennington, and to provide for maintenance of the courthouse at Manchester.

NOTES AND COMMENT ON THE LEGISLATURE

Quite a number of the legislators were attracted to the clerk's desk following adjournment on Wednesday afternoon to hear Mr. Leary of Burlington call down Mr. Williams of Newport who was presiding when the former's amendment was up. Mr. Leary contended that his amendment was just one amendment and that Mr. Williams in ruling out a part of it as germane when the first part had been killed, did not give him a square deal. He claimed that as the bill was taken by the presiding officer section by section he was entitled to a vote on all of it before it was ruled one side. Mr. Williams told Mr. Leary that he had no intention of malhandling the bill and stated that if he made any mistake at all it was in not reading the whole of the liquor amendment which was presented as a substitute for the original bill after the enacting clause. The way it was handled was this: A part of it was read and the debate took place on that part. Then the amendment, or the part being discussed, was killed. Mr. Williams was about to read the other sections when Mr. DeLoer rose to a point of order saying that the amendment had been killed according to the speaker's ruling. Mr. Williams then ruled that as the first part of the amendment had been killed the remainder was germane.

Ralph Cushman, senior in Dartmouth college, was the guest of his father, J. E. Cushman, state tax commissioner, on Wednesday.

Mr. Howe of Bennington in favoring the milk license bill said "we insist on a pure beer law, pure whiskey, we have a pure paint law and are we going to allow the babies to shift for themselves?"

Joseph Auld, publisher of the Burlington News, was a visitor at the State House on Wednesday.

Printing Commissioner F. E. Langley of Barre and State Auditor H. F. Graham were summoned on Wednesday evening to appear before the conference committee on the House and Senate on the printers bills.

The following committees of conference have been named in the House on the disposition of license fees, Mr. Martin of Brookline, Mr. Jones of Sudbury and Mr. Leary of Burlington; relating to cutting of trees and bushes within the limits of highways, Mr. Martin of Brookline, Mr. Deane of East Montpelier and Mr. Sherman of Newfane.

POULTRYMEN AT BANQUET.

Continued from first page.

ty years ago, he said, and for a time had hard work to live, but to-day it has an endowment fund of \$110,000. The spirit of the school, he said, has always been to live and let live. It is founded on the liberal faith and is striving for the betterment of the lives of young men and women who come within its doors.

F. W. Saul of Swanton, secretary of the Vermont State Poultry association, congratulated the members of the association here on their exhibit and invited them to bring their birds to St. Albans on Jan. 19 to 22 and exhibit them. He said that there was a bill before the present legislature that he thought would pass, appropriating a sum of money for the aid of the poultry industry in the state.

Brief remarks were also made by C. W. Gates, state highway commissioner, Frank L. Fish, former state bank examiner, the Rev. F. A. Poole and H. G. Woodruff, closing the list of speakers, and the toastmaster then dismissed the company, as he said it was most time for the rooster to crow.

POULTRY SHOW AWARDS.

Judges Announced the Winners of Diplomas and Cups.

The crowd at the Vermont Poultry association's show last evening was the largest since the opening. The judges have completed their work, and the officers of the association were busy until late last night figuring the percentages of the various exhibitors. The winners of the diplomas and cups have been declared in all the classes, and it is expected that the officials will finish to-day with the scores of the individual birds and pens, and the honors will be awarded to them.

E. M. Lyon of Barre wins the diploma on the \$100.00 cup offered by the Rhode Island Red club of America. This cup is to be given to the exhibitor who takes the diploma in the R. I. class the most times in the next two years at the Barre, St. Albans and White River Junction shows.

C. I. Hatch of Waterbury wins the cup offered by the association for best display of rose comb Rhode Island Reds not winning the club cup.

The Rhode Island Red club of America offered club cups to the two best displays in the respective classes of Rhode Island Reds. E. M. Lyon of this city won the cup offered for rose combs and F. W. Saul of Swanton the cup offered for single comb birds.

George Booth of Barre won the association cup offered for the best display of barred Plymouth Rocks.

A. P. Abbott of Barre won the association cup offered for the best display of White Rocks.

J. M. Blodgett of West Burke won the association cup offered for the best display of Leghorns of more than one color. Mr. Blodgett won the cup on his display of Brown Leghorns.

The association cup for the best display of Wyandottes was won by John Roberts of Barre with his display of White Wyandottes.

W. H. Little of North Montpelier was the winner of the association cup offered for the best display of Aesthetics.

The cup offered by the association for the best display of bantams goes to E. H. Smith of Randolph Center.

The silver cup offered by the association for the best display of Buff Plymouth Rocks goes to L. M. Blodgett of West Burke.

Cyrus Bateholder of North Haverhill, N. H., wins the association cup for the best display of Columbian Wyandottes and R. S. Currier of Barre wins the cup in the Buff Leghorn division.

In the Orpington class the cup offered by the association for the best display goes to C. E. Hanson of Barre.

Boyce's Bread.

Why do people insist on ordering Boyce's Celebrated Sweet Milk Bread?

Because it is actually the best to be had in the city. 10c loaf, 3 for 25c.

We are headquarters for Soft Biscuit, Jelly Doughnuts and Buttery Rolls.

CLEARANCE SALE

CLOSES JANUARY 15

In addition to goods already advertised, the following extra values as priced will not last long.

ONE LOT COLORED SILK

Taffeta Silk in brown, pink, light blue and tan, were 69c, now - - - 45c per yard
Black Satin for waists, now at - - - 69c per yard
Black Taffeta Silk, were \$1.00, now - - - 75c per yard
Four pieces Wash Silk, were 50c, now - - - 29c per yard

CHILDREN'S COATS at \$1.25 to \$2.98.

All our Children's Coats, age 10 to 14 years, were sold at \$1.75 to \$5.98, price now to close at \$1.25 to \$2.98.

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR SATURDAY EXTRA

The Vaughan Store

1-5 Off on High Class Jewelry

This reduction sale continues 'til January 16, inclusive.

It presents an opportunity to buy Watches, Clocks, Cut Glass, Silverware, Pyrography goods, at one fifth less than regular price.

Note well—80 cents of your money buys \$1.00's actual worth of our dependable goods.

Don't wait—act today while bargains are many.

O. J. DODGE.

With Ideal Book Store

200 North Main Street

SNOW SHOES

We make them, all sizes, styles and patterns. Let us know what you want and we will try to please you, \$3.00 up. Indian made, \$2.50 up. We have Skis 5, 6, 7 and 8 feet long and fitted with rubber to hold the foot in place and toe strap. \$2.50 up.

EARL S. SHEPARD & CO.,

14 Elm Street,

Phone 9-12

Opposite New Library.

Special Discount

Will be given on Prairie State Incubators and Brooders, Mann Bone Cutters and other poultry appliances during the Poultry Show.

A. W. ALLEN, SUNNYSIDE FARM.

East Montpelier Road.

Telephone 140-2.

An Advertisement in the Times Will Bring Sure Results.

THIS BANK PAYS TAXES ON DEPOSITS OF \$2,000 OR LESS.

Deposits Made On Any of the First Ten Business Days of January Will Draw Interest From January 1, at 4 Per Cent.

Statement, January 1, 1909

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans,	\$865,858.74	Capital Stock,	\$75,000.00
Real Estate & Banking House	38,734.18	Surplus and Profits,	31,212.11
Bonds and Securities,	217,220.00	Dividend Jan. 1, 1909, 3 Per Cent.	2,250.00
Cash on hand and in Banks,	172,459.57	Extra Div. Jan. 1, 1909, 1 Per Cent.	750.00
		Deposits,	1,185,060.38
	\$1,294,272.49		\$1,294,272.49

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Money deposited in our Savings Department on or before January 13, 1909, will draw interest from January 1. Money deposited on or before the fifth business day of February, March, April, May or June will draw interest from the first day of that month at the rate of 4 Per Cent. Money deposited after the fifth business day of any month will draw interest from the first day of the following month. Interest is compounded semi-annually in January and July.

A Strong Bank.

An Experienced Bank.

A Progressive Bank.

Capital,	\$75,000.00
Additional Liability,	75,000.00
Surplus and Profits, exceeding	31,000.00
	\$181,000.00
Resources,	\$1,300,000.00

Nearly a Quarter of a Century of Banking, With Over 4300 Depositors.

Granite Savings Bank and Trust Company,
BARRE, VERMONT.

This Bank Pays All Taxes on Savings Accounts Without Limit to the Amount Deposited.

Deposits made on any of the first fifteen business days in January will draw interest from January 1st at 4 Per Cent.

STATEMENT, - - -		JANUARY 1, 1909.	
ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Loans, - - -	\$356,843.52	Capital Stock, - - -	\$100,000 00
U. S. Bonds, 2 ^{per cent} at par, - - -	190,000 00	Surplus and Profits, - - -	29,052.39
Redemption Fund, - - -	5,000 00	Dividend No 71, - - -	4,009.00
Other Bonds, - - -	230,402 27	Dividends Unpaid, - - -	90.00
Due from Banks, - - -	60,505.56	Circulation, - - -	98,596.50
Cash, - - -	73,016.49	Deposits, - - -	639,028.95
		U. S. Government Deposit, - - -	45,000.00
	<u>\$ 915,767.84</u>		<u>\$915,767.84</u>

Books issued for \$1.00 and upwards. Deposits by mail will receive careful attention. We make a specialty of issuing DRAFTS on Aberdeen and Italy. Safety Deposit Boxes to rent, \$3.00 upwards per year. This Bank is the Oldest Bank in Barre.

This Bank has the largest capital and surplus of any Bank in Barre.

This Bank is the only United States Depository in Barre.

Your security is guaranteed by Capital, Surplus and Undivided profits of more than \$229,000.00.

NATIONAL BANK OF BARRE, - Barre, Vt.

F. G. HOWLAND, President,

BEN A. EASTMAN, Vice-President,

T. H. CAVE, Jr., Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

F. G. HOWLAND, B. A. EASTMAN, JOHN E. SMITH, M. E. HOWLAND, A. P. ABBOTT.